

Hip Arthroscopy with Labral Repair

Name							_Date								
Procedure _															
Procedure	Date	e													
Frequency	1	2	3	4	5	times/week	Duration	1	2	3	4	5	6	weeks	

Anytime the dressing is changed or examined, *please wash hands* prior with antibacterial soap. Do not apply any ointments or medications to the area. The surgical dressing should be changed by the therapist using *sterile* technique. This includes sterile field, sterile gloves, betadine or chlorhexidine skin cleanser and sterile supplies when redressing the wounds. Do NOT remove steri-strips. The new dressing should include dry gauze and ACE wrap.

Range of motion is an important progression of therapy, but limiting swelling is important. Respecting swelling will decrease pain and improve motion.

ROM restrictions:

Perform PROM in patient's PAIN FREE range.

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FLEXION	EXTENSION	EXTERNAL	INTERNAL	ABDUCTION
		ROTATION	ROTATION	
Limited to 90	Limited to 0	Limited to 30	Limited to 20	Limited to 30
degrees x 2	degrees x 3	degrees @ 90	degrees @ 90	degrees x 2
weeks	weeks	degrees of hip	degrees hip	weeks
		flexion x 3	flexion x 3	
		weeks AND 20	weeks; no	
		degrees in prone	limitation in	
		position x 3	prone position	
		weeks		

Weight Bearing Restrictions:

LABRAL REPAIR ONLY	LABRAL REPAIR WITH	LABRAL REPAIR WITH
	STANDARD CAM	MICROFRACTURE OR
	EXCISION	LARGE CAM EXCISION
NWB for 2 weeks, begin WB	NWB 2 for weeks, begin WB	NWB for 6 weeks, begin WB
progression at week 3 with goal	progression at week 3 with	progress at week 7
of FWB at week 6	goal of FWB at week 6	

Gait Progression:

Patient may be fully off crutches once gait is PAIN FREE and NON-COMPENSATORY.

Patient Precautions:

No active lifting of surgical leg (need help from family member/caretaker) x 4 weeks

Initial Physical Therapy Visit:

Activity/Instruction	Frequency
Instructed in ambulation and stairs with	
crutches and 20# FF weight bearing	
Upright stationary bike no resistance	20 min daily
CPM usage	4 hours/day (3 hours if stationary bike used at
	home for 20 min) until patient reaches full
	ROM
Instruction on brace application/usage	
PROM (circumduction, abduction, log rolls)	20 min 2x/day
instructed to the family/caregiver *maintain	
restrictions for 3 weeks*	
Prone lying	2-3 hours/day
Isometrics (quad sets, glute sets, TA	Hold sets 5 seconds, 20 sets 2x/day
activation)	

PHASE 1

GOALS: Protect the joint and avoid irritation

- Goal of symmetric motion by 6-8 weeks post op
- No active open chain hip flexion activation
- Emphasize proximal control
- Manual therapy provided 20-30 min/PT session

Stationary bike (20 min, increase time at week	Daily (weeks 1-6)		
3 as tolerated by patient)			
Soft tissue mobilization (specific focus to the	Daily (20-30 min each) (weeks 1-6)		
adductors, TFL, iliopsoas, QL and inguinal			
ligament)			
Isometrics (quad, glutes, TA)	Daily (weeks 1-2)		
Diaphragmatic breathing	Daily (weeks 1-2)		
Quadriped (rocking, pelvic tilts, arm lifts)	Daily (weeks 1-3)		
Anterior capsule stretches (surgical leg off	Daily (weeks 3-6)		
table)			
Clams/reverse clams	Daily (weeks1-3)		
TA activation with bent knee fall outs	Daily (weeks 1-3)		
Bridging progression	5x per week (weeks 2-6)		
Prone hip ER/IR, hamstring curls	5x per week (weeks 2-6)		

PHASE 2

GOALS: Non-Compensatory Gait and Progression

- Advance ambulation slowly without crutches/brace as patient tolerates and avoid any compensatory patterns
- Provide tactile and verbal cueing to enable non-compensatory gait
- Advance exercises only as patient exhibits good control (proximal and distal) with previous exercises

Progress off crutches starting week 3 (unless	
microfracture)	
Continuation of soft tissue mobilization to treat	2x/week (weeks 3-10)
specific restrictions	
Joint mobilizations posterior/inferior glides	2x/week (weeks 5-10)
Joint mobilizations anterior glides	2/week (weeks 7-10)
Prone hip extension	5x/week (weeks 3-5)
Tall kneeling and ¹ / ₂ kneeling with core and	5x/week (weeks 3-6)
shoulder girdle strengthening	
Standing weight shifts: side/side and anterior	5x/week (weeks 3-4)
posterior	
Backward and lateral walking no resistance	5x/week (weeks 3-4)
Standing double 1/3 knee bends	5x/week (weeks 4-6)
Advance double leg squat	5x/week (weeks 6-10)
Forward step ups	5x/week (weeks 6-10)
Modified planks and modified side planks	5x/week (weeks 6-10)
Elliptical (begin 3 min and increase as	3x/week (weeks 6-10)
tolerated)	

If microfracture performed- hold all weight bearing exercises until week 6

PHASE 3:

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GOALS: Return the patient to their pre-injury level

- Focus on functional exercises in all planes
- Advance exercises only as patient exhibits good control (proximally and distally) with previous exercises
- More individualized, if the patient demand is higher then the rehab will be longer

Continue soft tissue and joint mobilizations	2x/week (weeks 8-16)		
PRN			
Lunges forward, lateral, split squats	3x/week (weeks 8-16)		
Side steps and retro walks with resistance	3x/week (weeks 8-16)		
(begin with resistance more proximal)			
Single leg balance activities: balance, squat,	3x/week (weeks 8-16)		
trunk rotation			
Planks and side planks (advance as tolerated)	3x/week (weeks 8-16)		
Single leg bridges (advance and hold duration)	3x/week (weeks 8-16)		
Slide board exercises	3x/week (weeks 10-16)		
Agility drills (if pain free)	3x/week (weeks 10-16)		
Hip rotational activities (if pain free)	3x/week (weeks 10-16)		

PHASE 4:

GOALS: Return to sport

- It typically takes 4-6 months to return to sports, possible 1 year
- Perform a running analysis prior to running/cutting/agility
- Asses functional strength and obtain proximal control prior to advancement of phase 4

Running	Begin week 16
Agility	Begin week 20
Cutting	Begin week 24
Pivoting	Begin week 24
Plyometrics	Begin week 24
Return to sport specifics	Begin week 24

Comments: Teach HEP_____ Modalities PRN

Every patient's therapy progression will vary to a degree depending on many factors. Please use your best clinical judgment on advancing a patient. If other ideas are considered to improve patient's outcome do not hesitate to call.

Patient's recovery is a team approach: Patient, family/friend support, therapist, and surgeon. Every team member plays an important role in recovery.

Signature	Date
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